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Keys to the species of Mydaeinae (Diptera: Muscidae) from China, with the description of four new species

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Abstract

Four new species of Mydaeinae, *Mydaea franzosternita* n. sp., *Myospila apicaliciliola* n. sp., *Myospila maoershanensis* n. sp., and *Myospila subflavipennis* n. sp., are described and illustrated here for the first time. A key to the genus of Mydaeinae from China and keys to species of genera from Mydaeinae are provided.

Keywords: Chinese species, classification, Mydaea, Myospila,

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Introduction

Mydaeinae is a subfamily of Muscidae in Diptera, with more than 380 species currently known worldwide and represented by 129 species in China. They are distributed all over the world, with the majority distributed in the Oriental and Palaearctic regions. Some scholars have studied the species of the Mydaeinae, such as Hennig (1957), Huckett (1965), Emden (1965), Vockeroth (1972), Pont (1977, 1980, 1986, 1989), Shinonaga (2003), and Carvalho (2005), and since the 1980s, many species have been described from China and summarized by many scholars, such as Ma (1986, 2002), Wei (1991, 1992, 1994, 2010, 2011, 2012), Fan (1992), Xue (1983, 1996, 1998, 2012), Feng (2000, 2001, 2003, 2005, 2007, 2009), and Wang (2013). The species of Mydaeinae can be recognized by the following characters: frontal vitta without interfrontal setae; the lower margin of posterior spiracle without seta; meron bare, with thin and short hair at most, katepisternal setae not situated with triangular; anepimeral bare, vein Sc curved as arc-shaped; post surface of hind coxa without hairs, hind tibia without *pd*, anterodorsal bristles apically long, longer than its diameter at least.

In the present paper, four new species, namely *Mydaea franzosternita* n. sp., *Myospila apicaliciliola* n. sp., *Myospila maoershanensis* n. sp., and *Myospila subflavipennis* n. sp. are described. A key to genus of Mydaeinae from China and keys to species of genera from Mydaeinae are provided.

Materials and Methods

The specimens examined for this paper were collected by sweeping from brushwood in the mountainous regions of northeast, southeast, and central China, and were collected with

hand nets. Genitalic structures were detached from the body, cleared by warming in a 10% NaOH solution (approximately 100°C) for several minutes, placed in a droplet of glycerol, and observed under a compound light microscope. Terminology of external morphology and of the male terminalia follows McAlpine (1981).

The type specimens studied in this paper are deposited in the Institute of Entomology, Shenyang Normal University, Shenyang, Liaoning Province, China.

Absolute measurements are used for the body length in millimeters (mm). Abbreviations used for characters are: *ors* = orbital seta; *ori* = frontal seta; *acr* = acrostichal seta; *prst-acr* = anterior-acrostichal seta; *post-acr* = post-acrostichal seta; *dc* = dorsocentral seta; *prst-dc* = anterior dorsocentral seta; *post-dc* = posterior dorsocentral seta; *ial* = intra-alar seta; *pra* = prealar seta; *p* = posterior bristle; *v* = ventral bristles; *ad* = anterodorsal seta; *pd* = posterodorsal seta; *av* = anteroventral seta; *pv* = posteroventral seta; *Sc* = subcosta; Mt. = mountain.

Nomenclature

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Taxonomy

Key to genus of Mydaeinae from China (Males)

- | | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| 1. Radial node bare..... | 2 |
| - Radial node with hairs..... | 3 |

2. Sternite 1 with hairs.....
.....*Gymnodia* Robineau-Desvoidy, 1863
- Sternite 1 bare.....
.....*Hebecnema* Schnabl, 1889

3. *Pra* present and strong.....4
- *Pra* absent or trichoid.....6

4. Fore tibia without *pv*.....
.....*Mydaea* Robineau-Desvoidy, 1830
- Fore tibia with *pv*.....5

5. Meron bare, sternite 1 bare.....
.....*Sinopelta* Xue et Zhang, 1996
- Meron with hairs, sternite 1 with hairs.....
.....*Lasiopelta* Malloch, 1928

6. Eye kidney shape in profile.....
.....*Graphomya* Robineau-Desvoidy, 1830
- Eye ovoid shape in profile.....
.....*Myospila* Robineau-Desvoidy, 1830

Genus *Graphomya* Robineau-Desvoidy, 1830

Type species: *Musca maculata* Scopoli, 1845: 305.

Generic diagnosis: Posterior margin of eye inflexed; meron in the lower of posterior spiracle setosus, the inner of lower calypter with lobe; distal of vein M_{1+2} curving, dorsal and ventral surfaces of radial node all with setulae.

Key to species of *Graphomya* from China (Males)

1. Species yellow in color; eye narrow, palpus yellow; legs yellow; sternite 1+2 yellow, both sides of sternite 3 in the middle without patch except median stripe.....*Gr. paucimaculata* Öuchi, 1938
- Species brownish black or taupe in color; eye broad, palpus dark brown to brown;

legs dark brown to brown; sternite 1+2 dark, both sides of sternite 3 in the middle with patches.....2

2. *Ori* with fine hairs; the light stripe of scutum subequal with the black paramedian stripe in width; legs all black except tibiae; sternite 1+2 mostly brown.....
.....*Gr. rufitibia* Stein, 1918
- *Ori* with dense hairs; the white stripe of scutum shorter than the black paramedian stripe in width; legs all black; sternite 1+2 mostly dark black.....3

1. Body covered with white pruinosity; distal of vein M_{1+2} curving slightly; the pruinosity and stripe of the abdomen distinctly, both sides of sternite 3 in the middle with big and brown triangular patches.....
.....*Gr. maculata* (Scopoli, 1763)
- Body covered with yellow pruinosity; distal of vein M_{1+2} curving intumescently; the pruinosity of abdomen lightly, the stripes of sternite lightly except the median stripe, both sides of sternite 3 in the middle with small and brown traversed patches.....
.....*Gr. maculata tienmushanensis* Öuchi, 1939

Genus *Gymnodia* Robineau-Desvoidy, 1863

Type species: *Gymnodia pratensis* Robineau-Desvoidy, 1863: 635.

Generic diagnosis: Basisternum of prosternum always bare; basal part of vein R_{4+5} , dorsal and ventral surfaces of radial node completely bare; sternite 1 broad, the margin of sternite 1 always with setae.

Key to species of *Gymnodia* from China (Males)

1. End of vein M_{1+2} straight.....2

- End of vein M_{1+2} curving forward.....3
- 2. Legs all black; *prst-acr* 2; triangular stripes of tergites 3 and tergites 4 extending to two flanks.....
.....*Gy. humilis* (Zetterstedt, 1842-1860)
- Basal part of tibia yellow; *prst-acr* 4; triangular stripes of tergites 3 and tergites 4 not extending to two flanks.....
.....*Gy. genurufoides* Xue et Wang, 1992
- 3. *Dc* 2+3.....*Gy. polystigma* (Meigen, 1826)
 - *Dc* 2+4.....4
- 4. Fore tibia with *pv* 2.....5
 - Fore tibia with *pv* 1.....8
- 5. *Prst-acr* 4–5, the biggest space broader than the space from *prst-acr* to *post-dc* rows.....6
 - *Prst-acr* 2–4, the space narrower than or subequal with the space from *prst-acr* to *post-dc* rows.....7
- 6. Eyes with dense ciliae; genal dilation very broad extending to vibrissa angle and facial ridge; vein M_{1+2} curving forward slightly.....*Gy. lasiopa* (Emden, 1965)
 - Eyes bare; genal dilation separates from vibrissa angle and facial ridge; vein M_{1+2} curving forward distinctly.....
.....*Gy. yunnanensis* Xue et Chen, 1992
- 7. Hind femur with fringe rows; tergites 5 with a pair of narrow L-shaped stripes.....
.....*Gy. sichuanensis* Xue et Feng, 1992
 - Hind femur without *pv*; tergites 5 without stripe.....*Gy. latifronta* Xue et Wang, 1992
- 8. Legs brown partially.....
.....*Gy. tonitruai* (Wiedemann, 1824)
 - Legs all black.....9
- 9. Tergites 4 only with a pair of big triangular stripes or a pair of small stripes in the middle.....10
 - Tergites 4 with two pairs of stripes.....
.....*Gy. distincta* (Stein, 1909)
- 10. Parafacial without black pruinosity, abdomen transparent, tergites 4 with a pair of big triangular stripes.....
.....*Gy. ascendens* (Stein, 1915)
- Parafacial with gray pruinosity, abdomen dark, tergites 4 with a pair of small stripes.....*Gy. nigrogrisea* Karl, 1939

Genus *Hebecnema* Schnabl, 1887

Type species: *Anthomyia umbratica* Meigen, 1826: 88.

Generic diagnosis: Male frons flat, antennal arista plumose; *post-dc* 4, *pra* absent or trichoid, notopleuron bare; vein M_{1+2} straight; hind tibia without *pd*; abdomen without pair patches.

Key to species of *Hebecnema* from China (Males)

- 1. Eyes bare.....2
- Eyes with hairs.....4
- 2. Katepisternal setae 2+2; sternite 1 with hairs; cercal plate straight in profile.....*H. xishicum* Feng, 2009
- Katepisternal setae 1+2; sternite 1 bare; cercal plate arc-shaped in profile.....3
- 3. Abdomen yellow, tegula black, calypters brown.....
.....*H. arcuatiabdomina* Feng et Fan, 2001
- Abdomen black, tegula brown, calypters light yellow....*H. vespertina* (Fallén, 1823)
- 4. Tibiae yellow to dark yellow.....5

- Tibiae entirely black.....6
- 5. Eyes bare; calypters brown; cercal plate thin strip-shaped in profile.....
.....*H. fumosa* (Meigen, 1826)
- Eyes with dense and long hairs; calypters white; cercal plate long cone-shaped in profile.....*H. dasyopos* Feng, 2009
- 6. Calypters white.....*H. alba* Xue, 1983
- Calypters light brown to brown.....7
- 7. Frons with a pair of *ors*.....
.....*H. manasicus* Feng, 2009
- Frons without *ors*.....8
- 8. Eyes with sparse ciliae; *ial* 0+3.....
.....*H. umbratica* (Meigen, 1826)
- Eyes with dense ciliae; *ial* 0+2.....9
- 9. Arista short plumose, sternite 1 with hairs.....*H. coronata* Feng et Wang, 2010
- Arista long plumose, sternite 1 bare.....
.....*H. invisifacies* Feng, 2009

Genus *Lasiopelta* Malloch, 1928

Type species: *Lasiopelta orientalis* Malloch, 1928: 309.

Generic diagnosis: *Pra* long and subequal with posterior notopleural seta at least, reaching to the transverse suture almost, the distance between *pra* and transverse suture shorter than 1/4 of the distance between *pra* and supra-alar seta; sternite 1 with hairs.

Key to species of *Lasiopelta* from China (Males)

- 1. Basisternum of prosternum with hairs.....
.....*L. longicornis* (Stein, 1915)
- Basisternum of prosternum bare.....2

- 2. Wing dark brownish, hind tibia with 1 *ad*..
.....*L. maculipennis* Wei, 1992
- Wing hyaline, hind tibia with 2 *ad*.....3
- 3. *Ori* 5, hind tibia with 4 *av*.....
.....*L. rufescenta* Wei et Jiang, 2010
- *Ori* 2, hind tibia with 1 *av*.....
.....*L. flava* Wei et Cao, 2010

Genus *Mydaea* Robineau-Desvoidy, 1830

Type species: *Mydaea scutellaris* Robineau-Desvoidy, 1830: 480.

Generic diagnosis: Basisternum of prosternum bare; vein M_{1+2} always straight.

Key to species to *Mydaea* from China (Males)

- 1. *Post-dc* 3.....2
- *Post-dc* 4.....7
- 2. Femora black.....3
- Femora yellow.....4
- 3. Hind femur with complete and developed *pv* rows.....5
- Hind femur without *pv*.....
.....*Myd. shuensis* Feng, 2003
- 4. Parafacial about 3/5 of postpedicel in width, antennal arista as long as antennal postpedicel; *pra* absent; basicosta black; fore tibia without medial *pv*, hind femur with complete *pv* rows.....
.....*Myd. bideserta* Xue et Wang, 1992
- Parafacial about 1/3 of postpedicel in width, antennal arista about 1/3 of antennal postpedicel in length; *pra* longer than posterior notopleural seta; basicosta yellow; fore tibia with 1 medial *pv*, hind femur without *pv*.....
.....*Myd. jubiventera* Feng et Deng, 2001

5. Frons about 2.0 times as wide as antennal postpedicel, frontal vitta about 2.0 times as wide as fronto-orbital plate.....
.....*Myd. laxidetrita* Xue et Wang, 1992
- Frons subequal with antennal postpedicel in width, frontal vitta disappeared in the middle part.....6
6. Eyes with dense hair, frons with complete *ori*, parafacial about 2.0 times as wide as antennal postpedicel.....
.....*Myd. gansuensis* (Ma et Wu, 1992)
- Eyes bare, frons with partial *ori*, parafacial about 1/2 of antennal postpedicel in width.
...*Myd. franzosternita* Xue et Tian, n. sp.
7. Scutellum yellow or basal part yellow; legs mostly yellow.....8
- Scutellum dark black; legs slightly yellow.....11
8. Hind femur with complete *pv* rows.....9
- Hind femur without distinct *pv*.
.....*Myd. tinctoscutaris* Xue, 1992
9. Anterior spiracle yellow, scutellum and fore femur entirely yellow, *prst-acr* 2.....
.....*Myd. gracilior* Xue, 1992
- Anterior spiracle fuscous, neither scutellum nor fore femur yellow, *prst-acr* 1...10
10. Scutellum yellow mostly; trochanter and coxa of fore leg, basal half of fore femur and all tarsi fuscous; cerci plate broad in profile.....*Myd. setifemur* Ringdahl, 1924
- Basal part of subscutellum fuscous; all legs yellow; cerci plate narrow in profile.....*Myd. kangdinga* Xue et Feng, 1992
11. Hind femur yellow at least.....12
- All femora fuscous.....22
12. Hind femur without *pv*.....13
- Hind femur with uncompletely and trichoid *pv* row.....14
13. Frons subequal with anterior ocellus in width; basicosta yellow; hind tibia with 1 *av* and 1 *ad*; abdomen with shifting patches.....*Myd. discocerca* Feng, 2000
- Frons about 2.0 times as wide as anterior ocellus; basicosta fuscous; hind tibia with 2(3) *av* and 2 *ad*; abdomen without shifting patch.....15
14. *Pra* about 1/2 of posterior notopleural seta in length; wing brown, basal half of hind femur with *pv* obviously.....19
- *Pra* longer than posterior notopleural seta; wing yellow, hind femur with sparse and short *pv*.....20
15. Antennal arista ciliated, the longest hair subequal with antennal postpedicel in width.....16
- Antennal arista short ciliated, the longest hair longer than antennal postpedicel in width.....17
16. Parafacial about 1/2 of postpedicel in width, basicosta brown, *pra* about 2/3 of posterior notopleural seta in length, hind tibia with 2 *av*.....*Myd. brevis* Wei, 1994
- Parafacial subequal with postpedicel in width, basicosta dark brown, *pra* about 1.3 times as long as posterior notopleural seta, hind tibia with 3 *av*.....
.....*Myd. fuchaoi* Xue et Tian, 2012
17. Frons with 7–8 pairs of *ori*.
.....*Myd. affinis* Meade, 1891
- Frons with 12–14 pairs of *ori*.....18
18. Basisternum of prosternum yellow, *pra* subequal with posterior notopleural seta in length, metapleura with hairs; mid tibia with 2–4 *p*, hind tibia with 2–3 *av*.....

-*Myd. flavifemora* Feng, 2000
- Basisternum of prosternum black, *pra* longer than posterior notopleural seta in length, metapleura bare; mid tibia with 2 *p*, hind tibia with 2 *av*.....
.....*Myd. nigribasicosta* Xue, 1996
19. Frons about 2.0–2.5 times as wide as anterior ocellus; hind tibia with 2 *av*.....
.....*Myd. brunneipennis* Wei, 1994
- Frons subequal with anterior ocellus in length; hind tibia with 1 *av*.....
.....*Myd. nigra* Wei, 1994
20. Frons with 10 pairs of *ori*; *pra* about 1.5–2.0 times as long as posterior notopleural seta; hind tibia with 3 *av*.....
.....*Myd. urbana* (Meigen, 1826)
- Frons less than 6 pairs of *ori*; *pra* longer than posterior notopleural seta; hind tibia with 2 *av*.....21
21. Frons with 6 pairs of *ori*; tibia dark black, mid tibia with 3-4 *p*.....
.....*Myd. glauicina* Wei, 1994
- Frons with 4-5 pairs of *ori*; tibia yellow, mid tibia with 2 *p*.....
.....*Myd. minutiglaucina* Xue et Tian, 2012
22. Legs all black.....23
- Legs not all black.....24
23. Antennal arista ciliated, the longest hair subequal with antennal postpedicel in width; *pra* about 3/4 of posterior notopleural seta; fore tibia with 1 medial *p*, hind femur with *pv*; abdomen with shifting patches.....
.....*Myd. sinensis* Ma, Wu et Cui, 1986
- Antennal arista plumose, the longest hair about 1.5 times as wide as postpedicel; *pra* about 1.3 times as long as posterior notopleural seta; fore tibia without medial
- p*, hind femur without *pv*; abdomen without shifting patch.....
.....*Myd. ancilloides* Xue, 1992
24. Hind femur with 1 *pv* at least.....25
- Hind femur without *pv*.....27
25. Only basal half of hind femur with *pv*, tibia fuscous.....*Myd. nubila* Stein, 1916
- Hind femur with complete *pv* row, tibia yellow.....26
26. Frons distinct narrower than antennal postpedicel; hind tibia with 1 *av* and 2 *ad*.....*M. minor* Ma et Wu, 1986
- Frons about 2.2 times as wide as antennal postpedicel; hind tibia with 2 *av* and 3 *ad*.....*Myd. latilecta* Xue, 1992
27. Frons wider than the distance between outer margins of posterior ocellus, the longest aristal hair about 2.0 times as wide as antennal postpedicel; tibia yellow, hind tibia with 1 *av*.....
.....*Myd. emeishanna* Feng et Deng, 2001
- Frons narrower than the distance between outer margins of posterior ocellus, the longest aristal hair subequal with antennal postpedicel in width; tibia dark brown, hind tibia with 2(3) *av*.....28
28. Palpus black, mid femur with strong *a*.....
.....*Myd. jiuzhaigouensis* Feng et Deng, 2001
- Palpus brown, mid femur without *a*.....29
29. Abdomen with white pruinosity, the cerci about 1.3 times as long as broad.....
.....*Myd. subelecta* Feng, 2000
- Abdomen with caesious pruinosity, the length of the cerci subequal with the width.....*Myd. scolocerca* Feng, 2000

***Mydaea franzosternita* Xue & Tian, n. sp.
(Figure 1A-D)**

Holotype Male. Body length 7.5 mm.

Head. Eyes bare; frons subequal with antennal postpedicel in width, fronto-orbital plate joint on middle part, basal half of frons with 5 pairs of *ori*; fronto-orbital plate, parafacial and gena covered with silvery white pruinosity, parafacial about 1/2 of postpedicel in width; antennae dark brown, postpedicel about 2.0 times as long as wide, arista short plumose, the longest hair subequal with antennal postpedicel in width; epistoma not projecting in profile, vibrissal angle situated behind frontal angle in profile, genal height about 1/9 of eye height, genal and postgenal hairs all black, the upper lateral area of the occiput with hairs; proboscis short, prementum about 2.0 times as long as wide, palpi dark brown, longer than haustellum.

Thorax. Black in ground color, with light grey pruinosity, presutural area of scutum with 1 black vitta, postsutural area of scutum without distinct vitta; *acr* 8, *dc* 2+3, *ial* 0+2; *pra* about 3/5 of posterior notopleural seta in length, lateral and ventral surfaces of scutellum, notopleuron, prosternum, meron and katepimeron all bare, katepisternal setae 1+2.

Wings. Transparent, veins brownish, basicosta blackish brown, costal spine shorter than crossvein r-m, radial node with setulae, veins R₄₊₅ and M₁₊₂ all straight, vein M S-shaped; halteres yellow, calypteres yellowish.

Legs. Tibiae yellow, otherwise black; fore tibia without medial *p*; mid femur with row of 1 *pv*, becoming short apically, and with 2 apical *a* and 3 *pd*, mid tibia with 2 *p*; hind femur with complete *av* and *pv* rows, basal half fine trichoid, and with fine *v*, hind tibia with 3 *av*,

2 *ad*, and 4(5) short *p*, without apical *pv*; tarsi longer than tibiae, claws and pulvilli small and short.

Abdomen. Black, cone-shape in dorsal view, covered with dense dark yellow pruinosity, without shifting patch; sternite 1 bare, lateral lobes of sternite 5 yellow, with strong 5–6 setae, basal part with long fringe.

Female. Unknown.

Type material. *Holotype*: 1 male, Mt. Changbaishan, Jilin Province, 2691 m, 15. v. 2004, collected by Chun-Tian Zhang. *Holotype* is deposited in IESNU. *Paratypes*: 1 male, same data as holotype.

Remarks. This species resembles *Mydaea laxidetrita* Xue & Wang, 1992, but differs from it by having a frons subequal in width with antennal postpedicel; *pra* about 3/5 of posterior notopleural seta; lateral lobes of sternite 5 yellow, basal part with long fringe.

Etymology. The species name is derived from the Greek words *franza* meaning fringe and *sternita* meaning sternite, referring to the male basal part of the lobes of sternite 5 with dense and long fringes.

Genus *Myospila* Rondani, 1856

Type species: *Musca meditabunda* Fabricus, 1781: 444. *Phasiophana* Brauer et Bergenstamm, 1891: 390; *Trichomorellia* Stein, 1918: 204; *Xenosia* Malloch, 1921: 421; *Xenosina* Malloch, 1925: 509; *Eumyospila* Malloch, 1926: 499; *Helinella* Malloch, 1926: 498; *Pahangia* Malloch, 1928: 311; *Eumydaea* Karl, 1935: 41; *Sinomuscina* Seguy, 1937: 358; *Oramydaea* Snyder, 1949: 20; *Parapictia* Pont, 1968: 179.

Generic diagnosis: Vein Sc arc-shaped, dorsal and ventral surfaces of radial node with hairs (except *Myo. lenticeps* (Thomson, 1869) just ventral surface with hairs), distal of Vein M_{1+2} always curving forward, the opening distance of cell 2 R_5 about 2.0 times as long as crossvein r-m at least; hind tibia without distinct *pd*, hind coxa without hair on posterior surface.

Key to species to *Myospila* from China

1. Basisternum of prosternum bare.....2
- Basisternum of prosternum with hairs...14

2. Thorax and abdomen all yellow, apical cerci not divided in posterior view.....
.....*Myo. xanthisma* Shinonaga et Huang, 2007
- Thorax dark black, abdomen with yellow part at most or black, apical cerci divided in posterior view.....3

3. Abdomen with yellow part at most.....4
- Abdomen black.....5

4. Hind femur blackish brown except for yellowish brown basally, mid femur brownish black at basal 1/2.....
.....*Myo. basilara* Wei, 2012
- Hind femur brownish black, mid femur brownish black at basal 2/3.....
.....*Myo. paratrochanterata*, Wei, 2012

5. Postsutural *ial* short and small; basicosta yellow; tibia yellow; abdomen with yellow part.....6
- Postsutural *ial* 2, about 2.0 times as long as body hairs; basicosta dark brown; tibia black; abdomen without yellow part.....8

6. Hind tibia with 1 *av* and 2 *ad*.....
.....*Myo. flavipedis* Shinonaga et Huang, 2007

- Hind tibia with 1 *av* and 1 *ad*.....7

7. Dorsal surfaces of radial node with hairs; tarsi black, hind femur without *pv* on basal half.....*Myo. argentata* (Walker, 1856)
- Dorsal surface of radial node bare; tarsi yellow, hind femur with fine *pv* on basal half.....*Myo. boseica* Feng, 2005

8. Frons with 2 pair of *ors*; distal of vein M_{1+2} slightly curving forward.....9
- Frons with 1 pair of *ors*; distal of vein M_{1+2} distinct curving forward.....11

9. Legs black to dark black mostly.....
.....*Myo. armata* Snyder, 1940 (\varnothing , according to Holotype)
- Fore femur, fore coxa and tarsi black, other parts yellow.....10

10. Eyes bare; basicosta balck; tergites with obvious narrow and grayish pruinosity stripes.....
.....*Myo. breviscutellata* Xue et Kuang, 1992
- Eyes with dense ciliae; basicosta yellow; tergites 3–5 with wide and black median stripes.....*Myo. vernata* Feng, 2005

11. Frons with 1 pair of *ors* at least.....
.....*Myo. mingshanana* Feng, 2000
- Frons without *ors*.....12

12. Eyes almost bare.....
.....*Myo. meditabunda* (Fabricius, 1781)
- Eyes with long ciliae.....13

13. Eye with dense ciliae, parafacial about 1/3 of antennal postpedicel in width; fore tibia with *pv*, mid tibia with 1(2) *pv*, hind tibia with 3(4) *av*; surstyli straight in profile.....
.....*Myo. angustifrons* Malloch, 1922
- Eye with sparse ciliae, parafacial subequal with antennal postpedicel in width; fore

- tibia without *pv*, mid tibia without *pv*, hind tibia with 2 *av*; surstyli arc-shaped in profile.....*Myo. kangdingica* Qian, 2005
14. Lower calypter broad, the distal part inflexed.....15
 - Lower calypter narrow, the distal not inflexed.....17
15. Meron with hairs, abdomen with patch vittae.....*Myo. bina* (Wiedemann, 1830)
 - Meron bare, abdomen without patch vittae.....16
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***Myo. subflavipennis* Xue et Tian n. sp.**
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***Myospila apicaliciliola* Xue & Tian, n. sp.
(Figure 2A–D)**

Holotype Male. Body length 7.5–8.0 mm.

Head. Eyes with short and dense ciliae; frons wider than the distance between outer margins of posterior ocelli, frontal vitta black, about 2.0 times as wide as fronto-orbital plate, frons with 11–13 pairs of *ori*, becoming shorter apically; both sides of anterior ocellus with a pair of retroverted *ors*, about 2.0 times as long as the upper one; fronto-orbital plate and parafacial covered with dark gray pruinosity, parafacial about 1/2 of postpedicel in width; antenna black, postpedicel about 4.0 times as long as wide, arista long plumose, the longest hair about 2.5 times as wide as aristal basal diameter; epistoma not projecting in profile, anterior margin of gena with 2 rows of up-curving subvibrissal setulae; vibrissal angle situated behind frontal angle in profile; gena slightly shining, covered with sparse brown pruinosity, genal height about 1/6 of eye height; genal and postgenal hairs entire black, the upper lateral area of the occiput with hairs; proboscis short, prementum shining, covered with sparse grey pruinosity, about 1.5 times as long as wide; palpus black, longer than the length of prementum; labella large, subequal with prementum in length.

Thorax. Black in ground color, scutum covered with grayish pruinosity, postsutural area of scutum covered with grey pruinosity, between *dc* rows with a black narrow stripe; 6 rows of trichoid *prst-acr*, *post-acr* 1, *dc* 2+4, *ial* 0+2, *pra* short, about 1/3 posterior no-

topleural seta in length; notopleuron bare; scutellum brownish yellow apically, lateral and ventral surfaces bare; basisternum of prosternum with hairs, anepimeron, meron and katepimeron all bare; anterior spiracle yellow, posterior spiracle blackish brown; upper proepimeral setae 2, anterior anepisernal setae 3; katepisternal setae 2+2.

Wings. Transparent; basicosta dark brown, costal spine short and small, ventral surface of vein C with hairs, vein Sc curving, arc-shaped, subcosta sclerite brown; the whole length of vein R₁ bare, basal of vein R₄₊₅, dorsal and ventral surfaces of radial node with setulae, distal part of M₁₊₂ curving forward; upper calypter brownish, lower calypter yellow and tongue-shaped, about 1.5 times as long as the upper one; halteres brownish yellow.

Legs. Apical of femora yellow, other parts blackish brown; fore tibia without median *p*; mid femur with 1 row of *a* on basal half, *pv* strong on basal half, 3(4) *pd*, short and long 1 *av*, trichoid apically, without preapical *a*, mid tibia with 3 *p*; hind femur with 1 complete and long *av* row, without *pv*, hind tibia with 2(1) *av* and 4(3) *ad* on distal half, without apical *pv*; hind tarsi slightly shorter than its tibia, claws and pulvilli normal, slightly shorter than tarsomere 5.

Abdomen. Black, oviform, covered with grayish to brownish grey pruinosity, without glittery patch, body hairs short and dense, tergite 3 with a pair of brown elliptic patches, tergite 4 with a pair of blackish brown triangular patches, tergite 5 with a narrow faint pruinosity vitta, tergites 4 and 5 with distinct posterior marginal and discal setae, with distinct piliferous patches; sternite 1 bare, apical part of sternites 2 and 4 with strong setae.

Female. Unknown.

Type material. *Holotype*: 1 male, Mt. Mao'er shan, Guangxi Zhuangzu Autonomous Region, 800 m, 16. v. 2004, collected by Ming-fu Wang. Holotype is deposited in IESNU. *Paratypes*: 2 males, same data as holotype.

Remarks. This species resembles *Myospila lasiophthalma* (Emden, 1965), but differs from it by in tergite 5 dark brown mostly, without distinct patch; inner margin of male cerci very straight and with many small hairs apically.

Etymology. The species name is derived from the Latin words *cilium* meaning small ciliae, referring to the male apical part of the cerci, which has many small ciliae.

Myospila maoershanensis Xue & Tian, n. sp. (Figure 3A–D)

Holotype Male. Body length 7.2–7.5 mm.

Head. Eyes bare; frons about 2.0 times as wide as anterior ocellus; frontal vitta black, the narrowest part wirelike, frons with 13–15 pairs of *ori*, becoming shorter toward forward, the upper one just subequal with anterior ocellus in width, front also with upper orbital seta 1, about 3.5 times as wide as anterior ocellus, fronto-orbital plate and parafacial covered with silvery white pruinosity; parafacial about 2/5 of postpedicel in width; antennae black, postpedicel about 3.5 times as long as wide, arista long plumose, the longest hair about 2.5 times as wide as aristal basal diameter; epistoma not projecting, with a row of upcurving subvibrissal setulae; vibrissal angle situated behind frontal angle in profile; gena with dark brown pruinosity, slightly shining, genal height about 1/9 of eye height; beard and postgena setae all black, dorsal area of occiput

with hairs; proboscis short, prementum shining, covered with few grey pruinosity, about 1.6 times as long as wide; palpus blackish brown, longer than prementum in length.

Thorax. Black in ground color, anterior of scutum covered with silvery white pruinosity, posterior of scutum covered with grey pruinosity, inner part of *dc* row with a black narrow stripe, and the outside one too wide; *acr* 0+1, *dc* 2+4, *ia* 0+2, *pra* about 2/5 of posterior notopleural seta in length; notopleuron bare; apical half of scutellum brownish yellow, lateral and ventral surfaces bare; basisternum of prosternum with hairs, anepimeron, meron and katepimeron all bare; anterior spiracle yellow, posterior spiracle dark brown; upper proepimeral setae 2, anterior anepisernal setae 1; katepisternal setae 1+2.

Wings. Transparent; tegula dark brown, basicosta brownish yellow, costal spine short and small, ventral surface of vein C with hairs, vein Sc curving as arc-shaped, subcosta sclerite brownish yellow; vein R_1 bare, base of vein R_{4+5} , dorsal and ventral surfaces of radial node all with setulae, distal of vein M_{1+2} curving forward; calypters brownish yellow, the lower calypter tongue-shaped, about 1.8 times as long as the upper calypter; halteres yellow.

Legs. Femora, tibiae and trochanters yellow, coxae brownish yellow, tarsi blackish brown; fore tibia without median *p*; mid femur with a short *av* row 2/5 of distal, 6(7) *pv* on distal half, preapical with 3 *pd*, mid tibia with 3(2) *p*, without other seta; hind femur with a complete and long *av* row, without *pv*; hind tibia with 2 *av* (including a small *av*), 1 median *ad*, without *pd* and apical *pv*; all tarsi longer than tibiae, claws and pulvilli normal, slightly longer than tarsomere 5.

Abdomen. Black, round-shaped, every tergite covered with a grey median pruinosity vitta, both sides of the vitta covered with sparse brownish grey pruinosity, and extended to katepisternum, without glitter patch, body hairs short and dense; posterior of tergite 3 and 4 smoke-color, but without lateral patch; posterior marginal setae on tergite 4 and 5 strong, discal setae on tergite 5 distinct; sternite 1 bare, posterior margin of sternite 2(4) with a pair of strong setae respectively.

Female. Unknown.

Type material. *Holotype*: 1 male, Mt. Mao'er shan, Guangxi Zhuangzu Autonomous Region, 800 m, 16. v. 2004, collected by Dong Zhang. Holotype is deposited in IESNU. *Paratypes*: 1 male, same data as holotype.

Remarks. This species resembles *Myospila subbruma* Feng 2003, but differs from it in both beard and postgena setae yellow, inner vitta on presutural area of scutum yellow, and the one on postsutural area of scutum black; frons with 13–15 pairs of *ori*, becoming shorter toward the front, the upper one just subequal with anterior ocellus width, front it also with a upper orbital seta, about 3.5 times as wide as anterior ocellus; prementum shining, covered with few grey pruinosity, about 1.6 times as long as wide.

Etymology. The species is named after the locality of the holotype, referring to the species found in China: Guangxi Zhuangzu Au-Autonomous Region: Mt. Mao'er shan.

***Myospila subflavipennis* Xue et Tian, n. sp.
(Figure 4A–D)**

Holotype Male. Body length 5.8–6.3 mm.

Head. Eyes bare; frons about subequal with the distance between outer margins of posterior ocelli; frontal vitta black, obliterated in the middle; frons with 5–6 pairs of *ori*, distributing over 3/5 lower of frons; fronto-orbital plate and parafacial covered with silvery white pruinosity; parafacial about 1/3 of postpedicel in width; antennae black, postpedicel about 3.5 times as long as wide, arista long plumose, and the longest hair about 2.5 times as wide as its basal diameter; epistoma not projecting in profile, with a row of up-curving subvibrissal setulae; vibrissal angle situated behind frontal angle in profile; gena covered with grey pruinosity, slightly shining, genal height about 1/6 of eye height; beard and postgena setae all black, dorsal area of occiput with hairs; proboscis short, prementum shining and covered with few grey pruinosity, about 2.0 times as long as wide; palpus blackish brown, longer than prementum in length, labella large, subequal with prementum in length.

Thorax. Black in ground color, anterior of scutum covered with silvery white pruinosity, posterior of scutum covered with grey to brownish grey pruinosity, inner part of *dc* row with a black narrow stripe, and the outside one too wide; *acr* 0+1, *dc* 2+4, *ia* 0+1, *pra* trichoid, about 1/3 of posterior notopleural seta in length; notopleuron bare; scutellum the same color as thorax, lateral and ventral surfaces of scutellum bare; basisternum of prosternum with hairs, anepimeron, meron, and katepimeron all bare; spiracles dark brown; just with upper proepimeral setae long and large 1, anterior anepisernal seta 1; katepisternal setae 1+2.

Wings. Transparent; tegula and basicosta black, costal spine short and small, ventral surface of vein C with hairs, vein Sc curved as arc-shaped, and subcosta sclerite brownish

yellow; vein R_{4+5} base, dorsal and ventral surfaces of radial node bare, distal of vein M_{1+2} curved forward; calypters brown, the lower calypter tongue-shaped, about 1.8 times as long as the upper calypter; halteres yellow.

Legs. Blackish brown except tiabiae brownish yellow, tarsi brown; fore tibia without median *p*; mid femur with a short *av* row 2/5 of distal, long 3(4) *pv* on distal half, preapical with 3 *pd*, mid tibia with 3 *p*, without other seta; hind femur with a complete of short *av* row, and just 4(5) large apically, without distinct *pv*; hind tibia with 2 *av*, median with 1 *ad*, without *pd* and apical *pv*; all tarsi longer than tibiae, claws and pulvilli small, about 1/2 of tarsomere 5 in length.

Abdomen. Black, egg-shaped, covered with dense grey pruinosity, without glittery patch, tergite 3 and 4 with a wide brown trapezia-shaped patch respectively, in the middle of the patch with a brownish grey pruinosity vitta, divided the trapezia-shaped patch into two indistinct parts; posterior marginal setae and discal setae on tergite 4 and 5 thick and large, posterior margin of tergite 5 shining and brown; black median part narrow; sternite 1 bare, posterior margin of sternite 2(4) with a pair of strong setae respectively, sternite 5 lanky.

Female. Unknown.

Type material. *Holotype:* 1 male, Mt. Jianfeng, Gougu Rain forest, Hainan Province, 500–1000 m, 19.v.2004, collected by Ming-fu Wang. Holotype is deposited in IESNU. *Paratypes:* 6 males, same data as holotype.

Remarks. This species resembles *Myospila flavipennis* (Malloch, 1928), but differs from it by the pedicel being black; scutellum with-

out a broad median vitta; legs entirely black except tibiae brownish yellow and tarsi brown.

Etymology. The species name is from the Latin words *sub* meaning resemble, referring to the male resemblance to the species *Myospila flavipennis* (Malloch, 1928).

Genus *Sinopelta* Xue et Zhang, 1996

Type species: *Sinopelta latifrons* Xue et Zhang, 1996: 202.

Generic diagnosis: Male frons broad; scutum without *acr*, katepisternal setae 2+2, meron bare; mid tibia with *pv*, hind tibia with 2 *av*; lateral lobe of sternite 5 with strong bunchy setae.

Key to species of *Sinopelta* from China (Males)

1. With *ors*, epistoma projecting; prementum about 6.0 times as long as height; halteres black; fore tibia with 1 medial *pv*, mid tibia with 2 *ad* *S. latifrons* Xue et Zhang, 1996
- Without *ors*, epistoma not projecting, prementum about 2.5 times as long as height; halteres brown yellow; fore tibia without medial *pv*, mid tibia without *ad* *S. maculiventra* Xue et Zhang, 1996

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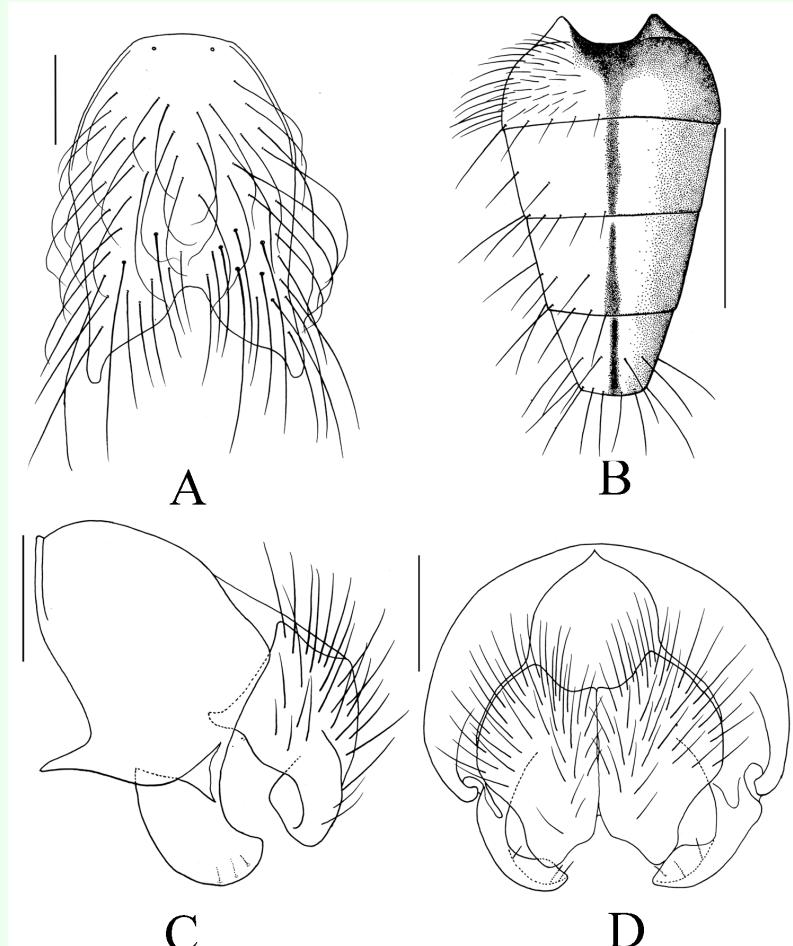


Figure 1. *Mydaea franzosternita* Xue et Tian n.sp. Male: A. Sternite 5 in ventral view, scale bar = 0.2 mm; B. Abdomen in dorsal view, scale bar = 1 mm; C. Terminalia in profile, scale bar = 0.2 mm; D. Terminalia in posterior view, scale bar = 0.2 mm. High quality figures are available online.

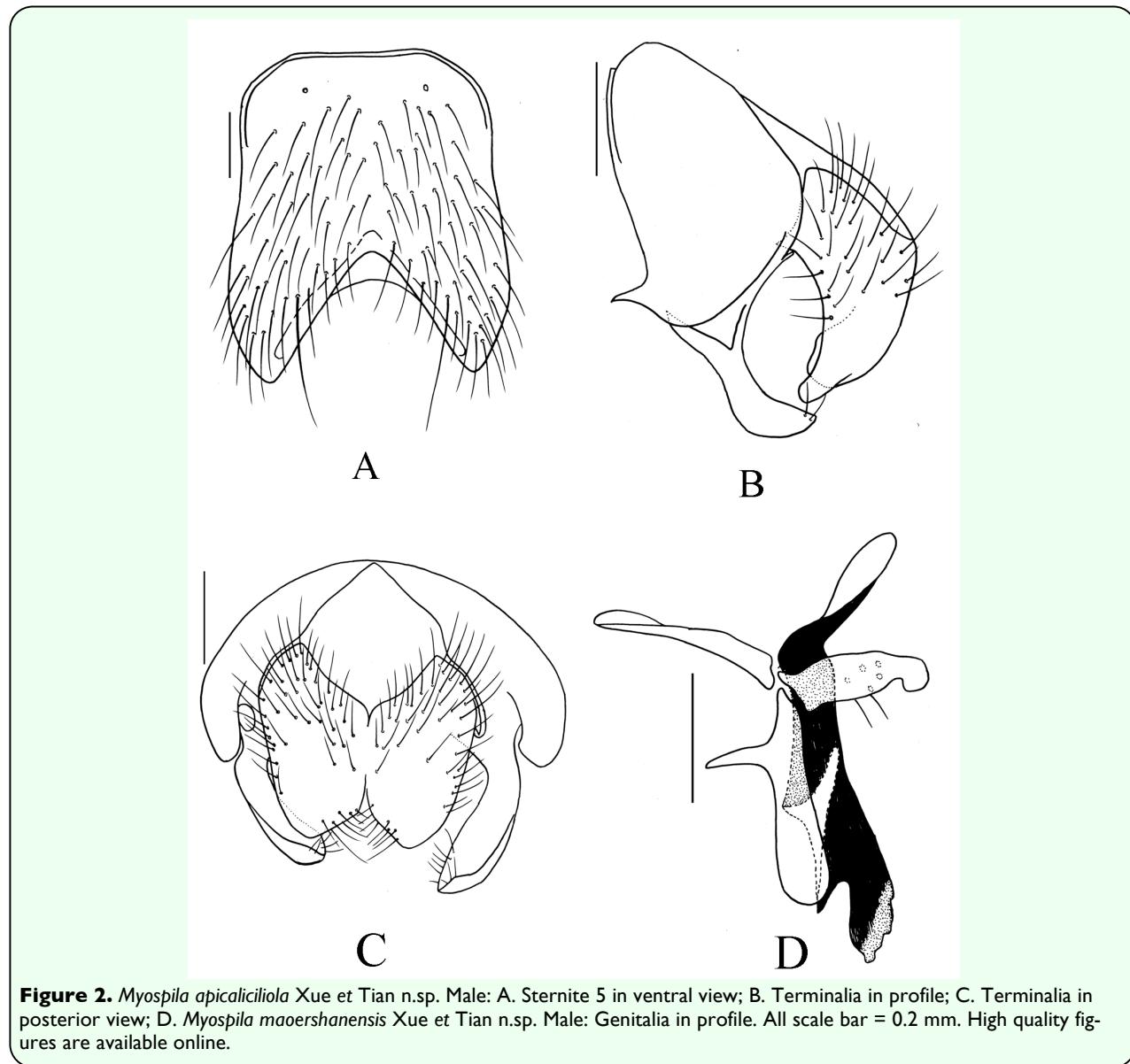


Figure 2. *Myospila apicaliciiola* Xue et Tian n.sp. Male: A. Sternite 5 in ventral view; B. Terminalia in profile; C. Terminalia in posterior view; D. *Myospila maoershanensis* Xue et Tian n.sp. Male: Genitalia in profile. All scale bar = 0.2 mm. High quality figures are available online.

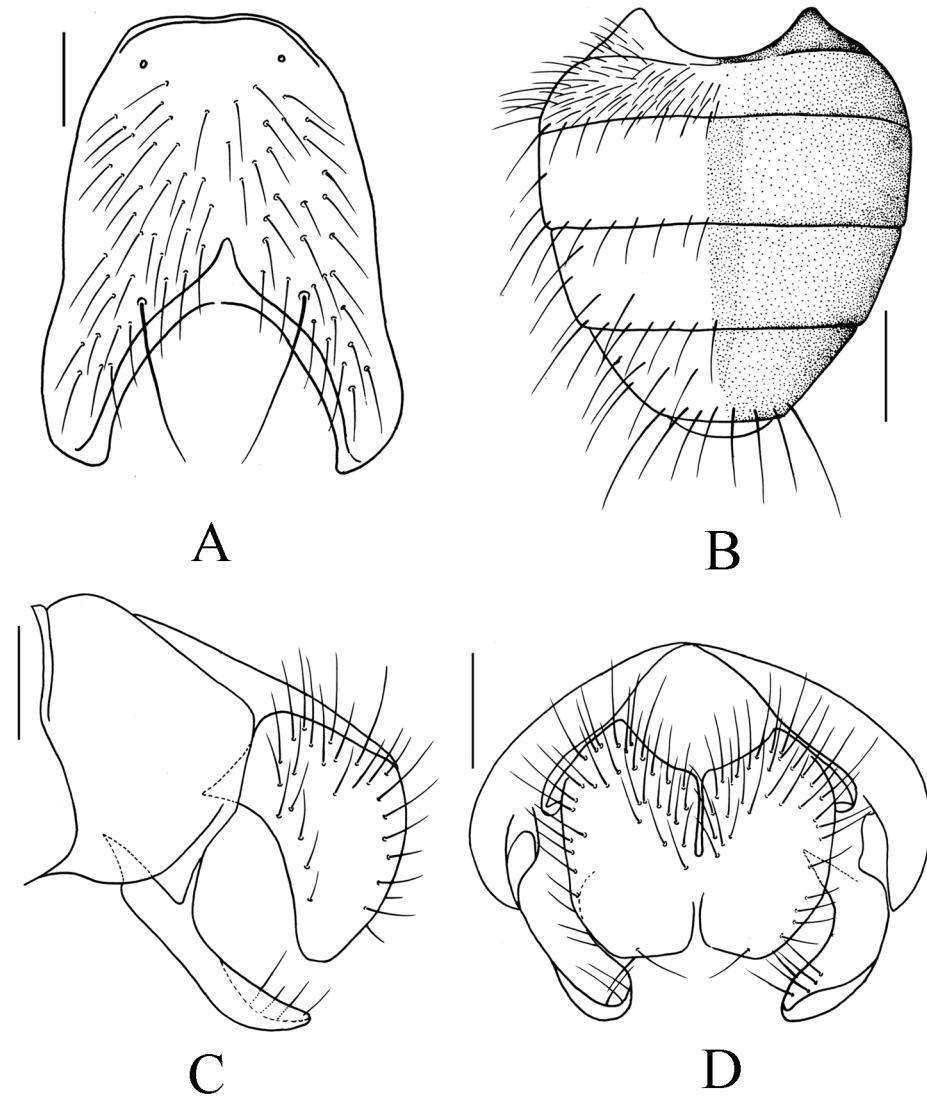


Figure 3. *Myospila maoershanensis* Xue et Tian n.sp. Male: A. Sternite 5 in ventral view, scale bar = 0.2 mm; B. Abdomen in dorsal view, scale bar = 1 mm; C. Terminalia in profile, scale bar = 0.2 mm; D. Terminalia in posterior view, scale bar = 0.2 mm. High quality figures are available online.

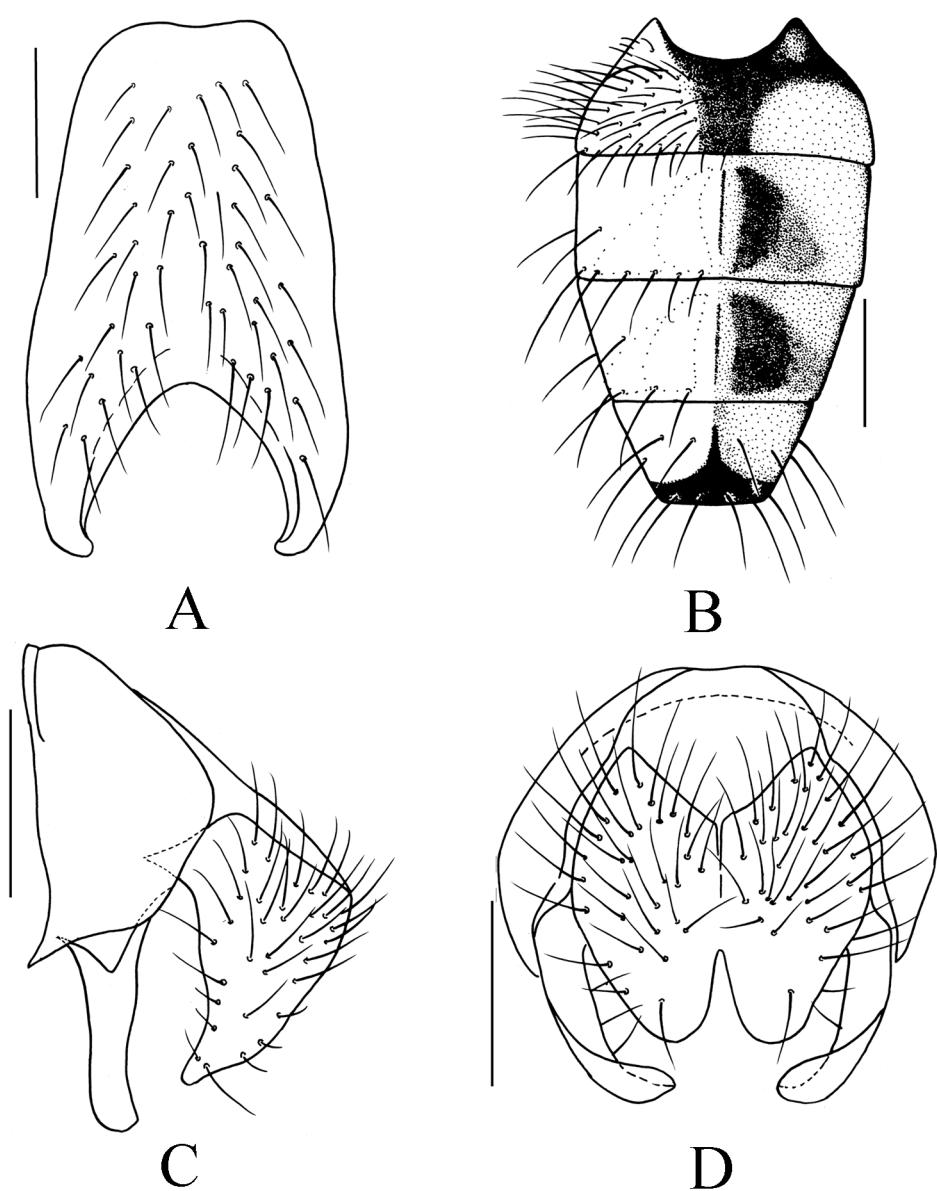


Figure 4. *Myospila subflavipennis* Xue et Tian n.sp. Male: A. Sternite 5 in ventral view, scale bar = 0.2 mm; B. Abdomen in dorsal view, scale bar = 1 mm; C. Terminalia in profile, scale bar = 0.2 mm; D. Terminalia in posterior view, scale bar = 0.2 mm. High quality figures are available online.