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INSTRUCTIONS FOR CONTRIBUTORS TO *WATERBIRDS*

Waterbirds is an international scientific journal of the Waterbird Society. The journal is published four times a year (March, June, September and December) and specializes in the biology, abundance, ecology, management and conservation of all waterbird species living in marine, estuarine and freshwater habitats. *Waterbirds* welcomes submission of scientific articles and notes containing the results of original studies worldwide, unsolicited critical commentary and reviews of appropriate topics. With the modifications noted below, *Waterbirds* follows the conventions set out in *Scientific Style and Format: The CSE Manual for Authors, Editors and Publishers* ISBN 0-9779665-0-X.

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CONTENTS

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n	Sample size of the data
P	Predicted probability or proportion; rounded to no more than three decimal places; use $P < 0.001$ as the smallest P-value
$\bar{x}$	Sample arithmetic mean
SD	Sample standard deviation
SE	Sample standard error of the mean
χ^2_a	Chi-square test statistic, where subscript a = degrees of freedom
CV	Coefficient of variation
df	Degrees of freedom
t_a	t statistic; with subscript a = degrees of freedom; specify independent or paired t-test and two-tailed or one-tailed test
$F_{a,b}$	F test statistic; with subscripts a, b = appropriate degrees of freedom

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f	Frequency
U, U'	Mann-Whitney test statistics
r	Sample correlation coefficient
r^2	Coefficient of determination
R	Multiple correlation coefficient
R^2	Coefficient of multiple determination
H_O	Null hypothesis
H_A	Alternative hypothesis
AIC	Akaike's Information Criterion
AIC_c	Small sample, AIC
K	Number of parameters (Akaike)
w_i	Akaike weight for model i
β_i	Parameter estimates (Akaike)

When examining relationships between two variables, the slope of the regression and its standard error are often biologically important and may be more meaningful than a correlation coefficient alone; consideration should be given to presenting the slope, *P*-value, SE and *r*. The limitations of parametric, non-parametric and information-theoretic based statistical tests should be considered in selecting and reporting on the respective tests.

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ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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Ankney, C. D. and R. T. Alisauskas. 1991. The use of nutrients by breeding waterfowl. Proceedings of the International Ornithological Congress 20: 2170-2176.

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Takekawa, J. E., H. R. Carter and T. E. Harvey. 1990. Decline of the Common Murre in central California. Studies in Avian Biology 14: 149-163.

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American Ornithologists' Union. 1998. Check-list of North American birds, 7th ed. American Ornithologists' Union, Washington, D.C.

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Chardine, J. W., R. D. Morris, J. F. Parnell and J. Pierce. 2000. Status and conservation priorities for Laughing Gulls, Gull-billed Terns, Royal Terns and Bridled Terns in the West Indies. Pages 65-79 *in* Status and Conservation of West Indian Seabirds (E. A. Schreiber and D. S. Lee, Eds.). Society of Caribbean Ornithology Special Publication No. 1, Ruston, Louisiana.

Report, thesis or dissertation: give names of all authors with initials, year of publication, title, publisher, and place of publication.

Master, T. L. 1989. The influence of prey and habitat characteristics on predator foraging success and strategies: a look at Snowy Egrets (*Egretta thula*) and their prey in salt marsh pannes. Ph.D. Dissertation, Lehigh University, Bethlehem, Pennsylvania.

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Molina, K. C. 2005. The breeding of terns and skimmers at the Salton Sea, 2005. Unpublished report, U.S. Department of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service, Sonny Bono Salton Sea National Wildlife Refuge, Calipatria, California.

The Birds of North America account: give names of all authors with initials, year of publication, volume, publisher, and place of publication.

Dugger, B. D. and K. M. Dugger. 2002. Long-billed Curlew (*Numenius americanus*). No. 628 *in* The Birds of North America (A. Poole and F. Gill, Eds.). Academy of Natural Sciences, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; American Ornithologists' Union, Washington, D.C.

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Orta, J. 1992. Family Phaethontidae. Pages 280-289 *in* Handbook of the Birds of the World, vol. I: Ostrich to Ducks (J. del Hoyo, A. Elliot and J. Sargatal, Eds.). Lynx Edicions, Barcelona, Spain.

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SAS Institute, Inc. 2008. SAS statistical software v. 9.2. SAS Institute, Inc., Cary, North Carolina.

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Committee on the Status of Endangered Wildlife in Canada (COSEWIC). 2013. COSEWIC assessment and status report on the Buff-breasted Sandpiper *Tryngites subruficollis* in Canada. Environment Canada, Canadian Wildlife Service, Ottawa, Ontario. http://www.sararegistry.gc.ca/document/dspDocument_e.cfm?documentID=2456, accessed 9 January 2014.

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