

Keys to the Genera

Males

- 1 Posterior margin of metanotum partially covered by mesonotum; timbal covers completely or partially covering the timbal organ 2
- 1' Posterior margin of metanotum completely visible behind mesonotum; timbal covers absent 12
- 2 (1) Timbal covers complete dorsally 6
- 2' Timbal covers incomplete dorsally (Fig. 80, 84, 87, 89) 3
- 3 (2') Timbal covers triangular and concave medially; opercula meeting or near meeting (Fig. 84) *Pacarina* Distant
- 3' Timbal covers not triangular or concave medially; opercula separated (Fig. 80, 87, 89) 4
- 4 (3') 1st and 2nd crossveins of forewing parallel (Fig. 89) *Neocicada* Kato
- 4' 1st and 2nd crossveins of forewing not parallel 5
- 5 (4) Lateral edges of pronotum smooth (Fig. 80) *Beameria* Davis
- 5' Lateral edges of pronotum jagged or irregularly toothed (Fig. 87) *Quesada* Distant
- 6 (2) Pygofer with dorsal beak 7
- 6' Pygofer without a dorsal beak (Fig. 3) 11
- 7 (6) Width of head including eyes much narrower than the width of the mesonotum; length of the body less than two and one-half times the width of the mesonotum; abdomen broadly rounded caudally (Fig. 73) *Cacama* Distant
- 7' Width of head including eyes slightly narrower than, about as wide or wider than the mesonotum; body length at least two and one-half times the width of the mesonotum; abdomen tapering caudally 8
- 8 (7') Pygofer with a pair of spines protruding backward from the ventral edge (Fig. 71) *Cornuplura* Davis
- 8' Pygofer lacking ventral spines (Fig. 28, 47, 59) 9
- 9 (8') Pygofer coffin shaped, basisternum 3 flat or slightly raised (Fig. 59) *Hadoa* Moulds