

Ambient Air Quality (A)

Authors: Olaguer, Eduardo, Sterling, David, and Ward, Jonathan

Source: Environmental Health Insights, 9(s1)

Published By: SAGE Publishing

URL: https://doi.org/10.1177/EHI.S32524

BioOne Complete (complete.BioOne.org) is a full-text database of 200 subscribed and open-access titles in the biological, ecological, and environmental sciences published by nonprofit societies, associations, museums, institutions, and presses.

Your use of this PDF, the BioOne Complete website, and all posted and associated content indicates your acceptance of BioOne's Terms of Use, available at <u>www.bioone.org/terms-of-use</u>.

Usage of BioOne Complete content is strictly limited to personal, educational, and non - commercial use. Commercial inquiries or rights and permissions requests should be directed to the individual publisher as copyright holder.

BioOne sees sustainable scholarly publishing as an inherently collaborative enterprise connecting authors, nonprofit publishers, academic institutions, research libraries, and research funders in the common goal of maximizing access to critical research.



Ambient Air Quality (A)

Eduardo Olaguer

Program Director, Air Quality Science, Houston Advanced Research Center, The Woodlands, TX, USA.

David Sterling

Professor and Chair, Department of Environmental and Occupational Health, School of Public Health, University of North Texas, Fort Worth, TX, USA.

Supplement Aims and Scope

This supplement is intended to focus on the identification and characterization of air quality hazards and associated risks for human health and the environment and development, implementation and evaluation of prevention or intervention strategies to limit air quality hazards and associated risks.

Environmental Health Insights aims to provide environmental health practitioners, researchers and the general public with online, open access to scholarly articles on environmental health hazards and associated risks. The journal aims to explore how these hazards and risks can be eliminated

cience and policy pertaining to air quality and its impacts on human health are undergoing a quiet but potentially game-changing development. Monitoring and modeling methods have been affected considerably by innovations in optical and chemical techniques, by an exponential growth in computational capabilities, and by the Internet. At the same time, new engineering and policy challenges have been posed by the rapid growth of oil and gas exploration and production in shale formations, by tighter criteria pollutant standards motivated by advancements in the science of human health risk, and ever increasing public concern regarding the ubiquity and human health impacts of chemicals in the environment. This special supplement on air quality is an attempt to provide a snapshot of how these rapid changes are affecting the practice of environmental health science.

On the methodological side, the article by Brown et al. on the application of the QUIC model to public health assessments of motor vehicle emissions gives us a glimpse of how computational fluid dynamics is likely to change our understanding of human exposure to both outdoor and indoor air pollution in urban areas. Lary et al., on the other hand,

Jonathan Ward

Professor Emeritus, Department of Preventive Medicine and Community Health, University of Texas Medical Branch (UTMB), Galveston, TX, USA.

or limited or prevented to help protect human health and our environment.

In a field where the literature is ever-expanding, practitioners and researchers increasingly need to have ready access to up-to-date, high-quality scholarly articles on areas of on-going interest in environmental health. This supplement aims to address this need by presenting contemporary articles by leading scholars, allowing readers to distinguish the signal from noise. We hope that through this effort practitioners and researchers will be aided in finding answers to some of the most complex and pressing issues of our time.

provide examples of how machine learning and "big data," a novel area of study of increasing interest to researchers, can be used to enhance assessment of the human health impacts of particulate matter exposure. Finally, Higgs et al. show us how advanced techniques for remote sensing of particulate matter can be used to improve our understanding of asthma prevalence.

On the engineering and policy side, Rich and Patel provide a new dimension to the assessment of climate change impacts due to the upstream oil and gas industry by calling attention to carbon disulfide from natural gas production processes as an atmospheric precursor to CO_2 . Sexton and Linder summarize the City of Houston's experience with respect to controlling hazardous air pollution emitted by the downstream petrochemical industry so vital to the Houston economy, as well as by mobile sources. Lastly, the article by Hallberg et al. analyzes the impact of contemporary diesel engine control technology on human exposure to air pollution. Together, the six articles that make up the current supplement on ambient air quality challenge us to re-imagine the practice of environmental health science in response to progress in air quality science and policy.



Lead Guest Editor Dr Eduardo Olaguer

Dr Eduardo Olaguer is Program Director for Air Quality Science at the Houston Advanced Research Center. He completed his PhD at MIT and has previously worked at The Dow Chemical Company and MCNC, a non-profit based in Research Triangle Park, North Carolina. He now works primarily in the development of advanced monitoring and modeling tools for micro-scale and urban air quality. Dr Olaguer is the author or co-author of twenty-four published papers, twenty technical reports, and forty conference presentations, and served on the editorial board of Environmental Science and Pollution Research-International.



eolaguer@harcresearch.org http://www.harc.edu/people/jolaguer

Guest Editors

DAVID STERLING

Dr David Sterling is Professor and Chair of the University of North Texas School of Public Health's Department of Environmental and Occupational Health. He completed his PhD at the University of Texas at Houston and has previously been faculty at Saint Louis University School of Public Health. He now works primarily on asthma management in a school environment, assessing how communities perceive and react to air quality issues, and methods for crowd sourcing environmental exposure data. Dr Sterling is the author or co-author of forty-six published papers, three book chapters, has presented at over 55 conferences and meetings, and is on the editorial board of the International Journal of Food Safety, Nutrition and Public Health.

JONATHAN WARD

Dr Jonathan Ward is Professor Emeritus in the Department of Preventive Medicine and Community Health at the University of Texas Medical Branch (UTMB) in Galveston. He completed his PhD at Cornell University and received post-doctoral training at Massachusetts General Hospital and UTMB. He now works primarily in environmental toxicology and environmental health focusing on genetic effects and human exposure to genotoxic chemicals in the workplace and community. In retirement he continues to teach in the area of environmental health at East Tennessee State University. Dr Ward is the author or co-author of 61 published papers and has presented at 94 conferences.



david.sterling@unthsc.edu https://profile.hsc.unt.edu/profilesystem/ viewprofile.php?pid=101685&onlyview=1



jbward13@gmail.com

SUPPLEMENT TITLE: Ambient Air Quality (A)

CITATION: Olaguer et al. Ambient Air Quality (A). Environmental Health Insights 2015:9(S1) 53-54 doi: 10.4137/EHI.S32524

ACADEMIC EDITOR: JT Efird, Editor in Chief

TYPE: Editorial

54

FUNDING: Authors disclose no funding sources.

COMPETING INTERESTS: Authors disclose no potential conflicts of interest.

COPYRIGHT: © the authors, publisher and licensee Libertas Academica Limited. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons CC-BY-NC3.0 License.

CORRESPONDENCE: eolaguer@harcresearch.org

All editorial decisions were made by the independent academic editor. All authors have provided signed confirmation of their compliance with ethical and legal obligations including (but not limited to) use of any copyrighted material, compliance with ICMJE authorship and competing interests disclosure guidelines.

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH INSIGHTS 2015:9(S1)